

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY**

ANNETTE SIMPKINS,	:	Hon. Joseph H. Rodriguez
Plaintiff,	:	Civil Action No. 23-20973
v.	:	
ROSALIND PARKER	:	MEMORANDUM ORDER
Defendant.	:	

This matter has come before the Court on Plaintiff's Motion for Default Judgment [Dkt. No. 7] against Defendant Rosalind Parker. On October 6, 2023, Plaintiff filed a Complaint against Defendant Parker. The docket indicates that Defendant was served on December 5, 2023. [Dkt. No. 5].¹ Despite Defendant's apparent failure to timely answer the complaint, however, Plaintiff's motion for default judgment must be denied, as the Plaintiff has failed to comply with the procedural requirements of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 55.²

¹ Counsel's certification, filed at Dkt. No. 6, indicating that the Complaint was filed on October 11, 2023 and Served on November 7, 2023, is at odds with the Executed Summons filed on the docket.

² Rule 55, Default, provides:

(a) Entry. When a party against whom a judgment for affirmative relief is sought has failed to plead or otherwise defend as provided by these rules and that fact is made to appear by affidavit or otherwise, the clerk shall enter the party's default.

(b) Judgment. Judgment by default may be entered as follows:

(1) By the Clerk. When the plaintiff's claim against a defendant is for a sum certain or for a sum which can by computation be made certain, the clerk upon request of the plaintiff and upon affidavit of the amount due shall enter judgment for that amount and costs against the defendant, if the defendant has been defaulted for failure to appear and is not an infant or incompetent person.

(2) By the Court. In all other cases the party entitled to a judgment by default shall apply to the court therefor; but no judgment by default shall be entered against an infant or incompetent person unless represented in the action by a general guardian, committee, conservator, or other such representative who has appeared therein. If the party against whom judgment by default is sought has appeared in the action, the party (or, if appearing by representative, the party's representative) shall be served with written notice of the application for judgment at least 3 days prior to the hearing on such application. If, in order to enable the court to enter judgment or to carry it into effect, it is necessary to take an account or to determine the amount of damages or to establish the truth of any averment by evidence or to make an investigation of any other matter, the court may conduct such hearings or order such references as it deems necessary and proper and shall accord a right of trial by jury to the parties when and as required by any statute of the

Before parties may move for default judgment pursuant to Rule 55(b), they must have the Clerk enter default pursuant to Rule 55(a). *DeTore v. Local No. 245 of the Jersey City Pub. Employees Union*, 511 F. Supp. 171, 176 (D.N.J. 1981) ("[N]o default judgment may be entered under Fed. R. Civ. P. 55(b) ... unless a default has previously been entered by the clerk under 55(a)."). Thus, Rule 55 contemplates a two-step process: first, the entry of default, then if the defendant fails to seek vacation of default, the granting of a subsequent motion for default judgment. This two-step process complements the Third Circuit's policy of disfavoring default judgments and encouraging decisions on the merits. *Harad v. Aetna Casualty and Surety Co.*, 839 F.2d 979, 982 (3d Cir. 1988) (citations omitted); *United States v. \$55, 518.05 in U.S. Currency*, 728 F.2d 192, 194-95 (3d Cir. 1984).

In this case, although entry of default is a prerequisite to obtaining a default judgment under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 55(b)(1) or 55(b)(2), no default had been entered because Plaintiff had not filed any application with the Clerk of the Court for entry of default.³ *See* 10A Wright, Miller & Kane, Federal Practice and Procedure: Civil 3d § 2682 (1998).

Accordingly, IT IS ORDERED on this 29th day of May, 2024 that Plaintiff's motion for default judgment [7] is hereby DENIED without prejudice.

s/ Joseph H. Rodriguez
HON. JOSEPH H. RODRIGUEZ, U.S.D.J.

United States.

³ The Court notes that the Plaintiff's request for entry of default should be accompanied by an affidavit proving service of the summons and complaint upon Defendant and an affidavit of non-military service. Plaintiff should also demonstrate that the Court has personal and subject matter jurisdiction over the Defendant, Rosalind Parker. *Prudential Ins. Co. of Am. v. Bramlett*, 2010 WL 2696459, *1 (D.N.J. July 6, 2010) ("Before entering default judgment, the Court must address the threshold issue of whether it has personal jurisdiction and subject matter jurisdiction over the parties."); *see also Mark IV Transportation & Logistics v. Lightning Logistics, Inc.*, 705 F. App'x 103, 108 (3d Cir. 2017) (distinguishing the court's role on default judgment from asserting a defense on behalf of a litigant).